

# Collisional-broadening line-shape parameters of rovibronic transitions in the $^{12}\text{C}^{16}\text{O}$ $a^3\Pi - X^1\Sigma^+(1, 0)$ band

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Line-shape parameters of rovibronic transitions have become a subject of increasing study since they are needed for modeling of visible and ultraviolet radiation transport in exoplanetary atmospheres. Getting their experimental values represents however a formidable task, so that a very limited number of measurements is available in the literature for NO, CO and OH self-perturbed and perturbed by N<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O and Ar.

In the present work we analyse transitions in the  $a^3\Pi - X^1\Sigma^+(1, 0)$  band of  $^{12}\text{C}^{16}\text{O}$  recorded in SOLEIL Synchrotron at 300 K [1]. The broadening and shift coefficients obtained for different values of the rotational quantum number  $J$  are compared to CO-CO measurements of Q-branch transitions in the B - X(0,0) band by DiRosa et al. [2] who reported no observed dependence on rotational quantum state.

Our measurements represent an alternative way to obtaining rovibronic line-shape parameters at room and elevated temperatures (above 1000K) needed for exoplanets. They enable also probing of various buffer gases. The  $J$ -dependence of broadening and shift coefficients opens a perspective of more advanced theoretical calculations going beyond the traditional "phase-shift" theory previously applied to NO and OH [3].

[1] S. Mahmoud et al. (in preparation).

[2] M.D. Di Rosa, R.L. Farrow, JQSRT 68, 363-375 (2001).

[3] J. Buldyreva, R.P. Brady, S.N. Yurchenko, J. Tennyson, JQSRT 313, 108843 (2024).